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## Structure Reports

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## Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study
$T=295 \mathrm{~K}$
Mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.004 \AA$
$R$ factor $=0.040$
$w R$ factor $=0.143$
Data-to-parameter ratio $=13.1$

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.

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## 4-(2,2-Dichloro- $N$-methylacetamido)phenyl furan-2-carboxylate

In the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$, the dihedral angle between the two aromatic rings is $47.39(13)^{\circ}$. The crystal packing is stabilized by $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

## Comment

Amoebiosis is a major public health problem in tropical and subtropical countries (McAuley et al., 1992). Diloxanide furoate, (I), is the mainstay for treating asymptomatic cyst carriers and one of the oldest dichloroacetamide derivative drugs for the treatment of amoebiosis. A crystal structure determination was carried out in order to elucidate the molecular conformation.

(I)

A perspective view of (I) is shown in Fig. 1. In (I), the furan ring is planar. The dihedral angle between the furan ring and the benzene ring is $47.39(13)^{\circ}$. The keto group is almost coplanar with the furan ring, as indicated by the $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-$ $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{O} 7$ torsion angle of $-8.5(4)^{\circ}$, and is in a synperiplanar conformation [ $\left.\mathrm{O} 7-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{O} 8-\mathrm{C} 9=8.3(3)^{\circ}\right]$. The other keto group adjacent to the $N$-methyl unit is in an antiperiplanar conformation, as indicated by the $\mathrm{C} 12-\mathrm{N} 15-\mathrm{C} 17-\mathrm{O} 18$ torsion angle of $177.9(2)^{\circ}$. The 2,2-dichloroacetylmethylamino group at the 4 position of the benzene ring is rotated $80.3(1)^{\circ}$ from the plane of the benzene ring. The crystal packing is stabilized by $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonding (Table 1). The molecules form hydrogen-bonded dimers.


Figure 1
The molecular structure of (I), with $50 \%$ probability displacement ellipsoids.

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## Experimental

Diloxanide furoate ( 1.5 g ) was dissolved in methanol ( 30 ml ). Charcoal $(3.5 \mathrm{~g})$ was added and the mixture was stirred with heating for 6 minutes on a Deepali Stirrer (MS-4) at 1150 r.p.m. The hot solution was filtered through Whatmann 42 filter paper and kept in a slightly open, stoppered conical flask. Rectangular pale-green crystals grew by thin-film evaporation.

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$
$M_{r}=328.14$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / n$
$a=8.334$ (5) $\AA$ 。
$b=10.778$ (5) $\AA$
$c=16.412$ (10) A
$\beta=103.761(2)^{\circ}$
$V=1431.9(14) \AA^{3}$

$$
Z=4
$$

## Data collection

MacScience DIPLabo 32001 diffractometer
$\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: none
4433 measured reflections

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.040$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.143$
$S=1.20$
2524 reflections
192 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained

$$
\begin{aligned}
w= & 1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.0816 P)^{2}\right. \\
& +0.2846 P]
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2524 \text { independent reflections } \\
& 2209 \text { reflections with } I>2 \sigma(I) \\
& R_{\text {int }}=0.018 \\
& \theta_{\max }=25.0^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { where } P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3
$$

$$
(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }<0.001
$$

$$
\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.35 \text { e } \AA^{-3}
$$

$$
\Delta \rho_{\min }=-0.30 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}
$$

Extinction correction: SHELXL97
Extinction coefficient: 0.056 (5)

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA,^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \cdots \mathrm{O} 18^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.93 | 2.41 | $3.285(4)$ | 156 |

Symmetry code: (i) $x-\frac{3}{2},-y+\frac{1}{2}, z-\frac{1}{2}$.
H atoms were placed at idealized positions and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.92-0.98 \AA$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}=0.86 \AA$; $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})$ values were set equal to $x U_{\text {eq }}$ (carrier atom), where $x=1.5$ for methyl H atoms and $x=1.2$ for all other H atoms.

Data collection: XPRESS (MacScience, 2002); cell refinement: SCALEPACK (Otwinowski \& Minor, 1997); data reduction: SCALEPACK and DENZO (Otwinowski \& Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2003) and ORTEPII (Johnson,


Figure 2
The packing of (I), viewed down the $c$ axis. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds.
1976); software used to prepare material for publication: PLATON (Spek, 2003).

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